

**CHAMBERS PRACTICES OF
JUDGE KIYO A. MATSUMOTO
United States District Court
Eastern District of New York
225 Cadman Plaza East
Brooklyn, New York 11201
Chambers: Room N406
Courtroom: N4E**

**Telephone: (718) 613-2180
Fax: (718) 613-2185
Fax Page Limit: 5 pages**

Unless otherwise ordered, matters before Judge Matsumoto shall be conducted in accordance with the following practices:¹

I. MANDATORY ELECTRONIC CASE FILING (ECF)

- A. All documents must be filed electronically**, except that *pro se* parties are exempt from electronic case filing. All documents directed to Judge Matsumoto must be filed electronically via the court's Electronic Case Filing system pursuant to Administrative Order 2004-08.² ECF procedures are available from the district court's web site <http://www.nyed.uscourts.gov>. For questions regarding ECF, you may call the Court's Docket Section at 718-613-2610. For technical assistance, call 718-613-2290. ECF training may be scheduled by calling 718-613-2312.
- B. Notifications and orders by the court:** Attorneys will receive notifications from the court electronically. Hard copies will not be mailed to attorneys registered for ECF. Accordingly, attorneys are responsible for keeping their email addresses current with the Clerk's Office. Attorneys are responsible for ensuring that they are registered with the Clerk's Office to receive email notifications in each and every matter in which they appear before

¹ For questions about procedures not covered by these Individual Practices, please refer to the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure and the Local Civil and Criminal Rules for the Eastern District of New York.

² Pursuant to Administrative Order 2004-08, dated June 22, 2004, the Board of Judges of the United States District Court for the Eastern District of New York has mandated that as of August 2, 2004, all civil cases other than *pro se* cases and all criminal cases must be filed by ECF. In accordance with the Administrative Order, all documents must be filed electronically.

Judge Matsumoto. For assistance, call 718-613-2610.

- C. **Classification of electronic filings:** Any letters to Judge Matsumoto requesting court intervention, including those requesting an adjournment or extension of deadlines, must be electronically filed under “Motions” and not as a “Letter” under “Other Documents.” For more information regarding the classification of electronic filings, please refer to the list of civil docketing events: http://www.nyed.uscourts.gov/CM_ECF/Learning_More_About_It/cvatyevents.pdf
- D. **Exemptions:** Litigants proceeding *pro se* are exempt from ECF requirements. Requests by attorneys for an exemption to the mandatory ECF policy must be submitted to the assigned Magistrate Judge.

II. HARD COPIES

- A. **Generally:** Hard copies of all papers filed electronically and directed to Judge Matsumoto, rather than the assigned Magistrate Judge, must be provided to chambers. **All such papers must be clearly marked “Courtesy Copy,” “Original Filed by ECF,” and “Assigned Document Number [print or type assigned document number].”** Two full sets of courtesy copies shall be sent to the chambers of Judge Matsumoto for all motions exceeding five pages, including exhibits. See § IV, *infra*, for further details.
- B. **Exception for filings containing non-text exhibits:** If the ECF document has voluminous or non-text exhibits, the exhibits may be filed in hard copy, provided that the ECF document entry indicates that exhibits are being filed in hard copy. The exhibits filed in hard copy should have a cover sheet containing the case caption, assigned judge(s) and docket number, and designating the documents as “Original Exhibits to [name and document number of ECF-filed document].”
- C. **Sealed documents** may only be filed in accordance with the procedures set forth in Administrative Order 2004-05. Any party that has filed documents under seal with the Clerk shall arrange for the return or destruction of the documents by notifying the Clerk that the litigation is concluded and requesting that the documents be removed from the Clerk’s vault and returned within ten days of a final judgment or stipulation of dismissal.

III. COMMUNICATIONS WITH CHAMBERS

- A. **Letters:** Except as provided below, communications with chambers shall be by letter, with copies simultaneously delivered to all counsel by the same means

delivered to chambers, **and filed by ECF.**³ All correspondence must include the (i) case name, (ii) docket number and (iii) initials of the judge(s) assigned to the case. A request for a conferences with the Court shall be made by a letter setting forth the specific issues requiring judicial intervention. Copies of correspondence between counsel shall not be sent to the Court.

- B. Faxes:** Faxes not exceeding five pages, including cover sheet and attachments are permitted without prior authorization by chambers and must be filed by ECF. Faxes exceeding this length require prior authorization. Do not follow with hard copy unless otherwise requested.
- C. Telephone Calls:** Except as set forth below in Paragraph (D), telephone calls to chambers are permitted only in emergency situations requiring immediate attention. In such situations only, call chambers at the number listed above.
- D. Docketing, Scheduling, Calendar Matters and Deposition Disputes:** Attorneys should review the ECF docket prior to contacting chambers with questions regarding the docket and the scheduling of conferences.

If parties encounter problems at a deposition, they should first make every effort to resolve the dispute. If a satisfactory resolution cannot be achieved, the parties are directed to refer to the assigned Magistrate Judge's individual practices.

- E. Requests for Adjournment or Extension of Time:** The party requesting an adjournment of deadlines or a court conference must certify that the requesting party first conferred with all other parties to discuss alternative, mutually agreeable dates. **All requests for adjournments of conferences or extensions of time must be made in writing, at least two business days in advance of the deadline or conference and must be filed by ECF**, and must state (1) the original date; (2) the reason for the request; (3) how much additional time is needed; (4) the number of previous requests for adjournment or extension by either party and whether these previous requests were granted or denied; (5) whether the adversary consents and, if not, the reasons given by the adversary for refusing to consent; and if so, (6) mutually agreeable proposed alternative dates. If the requested adjournment or extension affects any other scheduled dates, a proposed Revised Scheduling Order must be attached.

³ Settlement position statements, which are used for purposes of facilitating court-scheduled settlement conferences, need not be submitted via ECF, and may be submitted *ex parte*.

If the request is for an adjournment of a court conference, absent an emergency, the adjournment request shall be made at least two business days prior to the scheduled appearance. **Do not call chambers to request an adjournment of a court date except in an emergency.**

IV. MOTIONS

- A. Discovery or Other Non-Dispositive Motions:** For discovery motions, follow Local Civil Rules 37.3 and 6.4. Discovery and other non-dispositive motions shall be addressed to the assigned Magistrate Judge and made in accordance with that Magistrate Judge's individual practices.
- B. Motions on Notice and Pre-motion Conferences:** A pre-motion conference with the court is required before the filing of any motion with the exception of *habeas corpus*, social security, and bankruptcy appeals. The moving party shall submit a letter not exceeding 3 pages setting forth the basis for the motion and a proposed briefing schedule. All parties shall submit a response within three business days. Replies are not permitted unless specifically authorized. Service of the letter by the moving party within the time required by Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 12 shall constitute timely service of a motion pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 12(b).

In criminal cases, counsel shall advise the court of any contemplated motions at a status conference scheduled by the court or, if no status conference is scheduled, counsel shall request a pre-motion conference in writing and briefly state the grounds for such a motion before filing any motion.

C. General Practices For Motions On Notice Made to Judge Matsumoto

1. **Service and filing.**
 - a. No motion papers shall be filed until the motion has been fully briefed.
 - b. Subject to court approval, the parties are to propose their own briefing schedule. No changes in the approved schedule may be made without prior court approval. Approval of the briefing schedule may be sought at the pre-motion conference or by subsequent letter filed by ECF. No party is to serve any motion papers prior to obtaining court approval for the schedule.

- c. Each party shall be responsible for filing all of its own motion papers (via ECF) once the motion is fully briefed, unless a party is *pro se*, in which case the represented party shall file all motion papers. A filing party shall also file a cover letter specifying each document filed in the motion package. Each filing party is further obligated to furnish to chambers **two full sets** of courtesy copies of the motion papers together with a cover letter specifying each document in the package. A copy of the cover letter shall be sent to the assigned judges and to opposing counsel or party, if not represented. The Notice of Motion shall not contain a return date, but rather shall state that the return date will be set by the court.
2. **Memoranda of law:** The court expects parties to exercise judgment as to the lengths of memoranda. Unless prior permission has been granted, memoranda of law in support of and in opposition to motions on notice are limited to 30 pages (excluding tables of contents and authorities and exhibits), and reply memoranda are limited to 10 pages. Memoranda of 10 pages or more shall contain a table of contents. Memoranda must set forth the points and authorities relied upon in support of or in opposition to the motion, and must be divided, under appropriate headings, into as many parts as there are points to be determined. Case citations must contain pinpoint cites to specific page references. All memoranda must use one-inch margins, double spacing, and 12-point font. No letter briefs shall be permitted. **Any memoranda of law not complying with the requirements set forth herein may be returned.** Local Civil Rule 7.1.
3. The parties shall notify the court immediately by ECF if they reach a settlement or resolve the pending motion.

D. Motions in Criminal Cases

1. Applications regarding sentencing adjournments shall be made in writing by defense counsel at least five business days prior to the date of sentencing. The Government's response, if any, shall be made in writing at least two business days before the date of sentencing.
2. Defendant's sentencing memorandum, if any, is due two weeks prior to sentencing. The Government's response, if any, is due one week prior to sentencing. If the defendant and the Government agree that the case presents no material factual or legal disputes, they may modify this schedule and shall advise the court if they do so.

3. Any party appealing a Magistrate Judge's order of release or order of detention shall include a copy of the transcript before the Magistrate Judge with the motion.

E. Oral Argument: Unless oral argument was previously scheduled, parties may request oral argument by letter at the time the fully briefed motion is filed. The court will determine whether oral argument will be heard and, if so, will advise counsel of the argument date.

Once scheduled, oral argument may be adjourned with the consent of all parties, provided that the court is notified in writing no later than one week prior to the scheduled argument.

F. Routine Applications Handled by the Assigned Magistrate Judge: Motions regarding discovery and for extensions of time to serve, answer, file amended pleadings, to withdraw or substitute counsel, and for admission *pro hac vice* are handled by the assigned Magistrate Judge, as are "so ordering" stipulations amending pleadings, transferring venue or remanding to state court. Applications to "so order" confidentiality/protective orders and subpoenas are likewise addressed to the assigned Magistrate Judge, as are motions to quash subpoenas.

G. Exception: Nothing in these individual rules should be construed to require a pre-motion conference for motions pursuant to Federal Rule of Appellate Procedure 4(a)(4)(A), and such motion should be filed when made.

V. PRETRIAL PROCEDURES

A. Joint Pretrial Orders in Civil Cases: Unless otherwise ordered by the court, within 60 days from the date for the completion of discovery in a civil case, the parties shall submit to the court for its approval a Joint Pretrial Order, which shall include the following:

1. **Caption:** The full caption of the action.
2. **Parties and Counsel:** The names, addresses (including firm names), telephone and fax numbers of trial counsel.
3. **Jurisdiction:** A brief statement by plaintiff as to the basis of subject matter jurisdiction and a brief statement by each party as to the presence or absence of subject matter jurisdiction. Such statements shall include

citations to all statutes relied on and relevant facts as to citizenship and jurisdictional amount.

4. **Claims and Defenses:** A brief summary by each party of the claims and defenses that the party has asserted which remain to be tried, without recital of evidentiary matter but including citations to all statutes relied on. Such summaries shall identify all claims and defenses previously asserted which are not to be tried.
5. **Damages and Relief:** A brief statement of the categories, method of calculation and amounts of damages claimed or other relief sought, and opposing party's position.
6. **Jury or Bench Trial:** A statement by each party as to whether the case is to be tried with or without a jury, proposed number of jurors and the number of trial days needed.
7. **Consent to Magistrate Judge:** A statement as to whether or not all parties have consented to trial of the case by a Magistrate Judge. The statement shall not identify which parties have or have not consented.
8. **Stipulations:** Any stipulations or statements of fact or law which have been agreed to by all parties.
9. **Witnesses:** A schedule by each party designating names and addresses of fact and expert witnesses whose testimony is to be offered in its case in chief, and possible witnesses whose testimony may be offered only for impeachment or rebuttal purposes, together with a brief narrative statement of the expected testimony of each listed witness. Only listed witnesses will be permitted to testify except when prompt notice has been given, a lack of prejudice and good cause are shown.
10. **Deposition Testimony:** A designation by each party and copies of deposition testimony to be offered in its case in chief, with any cross-designations and objections by any other party.
11. **Exhibits:** A schedule by each party designating all exhibits to be offered in evidence and if not admitted by stipulation, the party or parties that will be offering them. The schedule will also include possible impeachment documents and/or exhibits, as well as exhibits that will be offered only in rebuttal. Copies of statements proposed to be read to the jury as "learned treatises" pursuant to Federal Rule of Evidence 803(18) shall be listed as

exhibits. Parties are expected to resolve before trial all issues of authenticity, chain of custody and related issues. Meritless objections based on these grounds may result in the imposition of sanctions.

The parties will list and briefly describe the basis for any objections that they have to the admissibility of any exhibits to be offered by any other party. **Failure to object in the pretrial order waives all objections at trial, except objections as to relevance.**

All exhibits must be pre-marked for the trial and exchanged with the other parties at least ten days before trial. Plaintiff's exhibits shall be identified by number and defendant's exhibits shall be identified by letter. Two courtesy copies of pre-marked, paginated exhibits should be provided to the trial judge in binders with tabs. Only exhibits listed shall be offered in evidence except when prompt notice has been provided, and good cause and a lack of prejudice are shown.

B. Filings Prior to Trial in Civil Cases: Unless otherwise ordered by the court, each party shall file the following 30 days before trial:

1. Motions addressing any evidentiary or other issues which should be resolved *in limine*; and

Unless otherwise ordered by the Court, each party shall file the following 15 days before trial:

1. Proposed *voir dire* questions, proposed jury charges and proposed verdict forms. Jury charges should be limited to the elements of the claims, the damages sought and defenses. General instructions will be prepared by the court. When feasible, in addition to a written version, these materials should be provided on a CD in Word Perfect or Microsoft Word format;
2. By claim, a detailed statement regarding damages and other relief sought;
3. In non-jury cases, a statement of the elements of each claim or defense involving such party, together with a summary of the facts relied upon to establish each element.
4. A pretrial memorandum shall be submitted unless otherwise ordered by the Court.

C. Pretrial Conference in Criminal Cases:

1. Assistant United States Attorneys are responsible for informing chambers by calling the Case Manager Sandra Williams-Jackson at 718-613-2180 when a new case has been assigned to Judge Matsumoto. Upon such notification, an initial pretrial conference will be scheduled.

D. Procedures at Trial:

1. *Voir dire*: The court will conduct all *voir dire*.
2. Witnesses: No later than the end of each trial day, counsel must notify each other and the court of witnesses to be called the following trial day.
3. Sidebars: Sidebar conferences will be kept to a minimum. Counsel are expected to anticipate and raise evidentiary issues during breaks in the trial to avoid wasting the jurors' time.

VI. POST TRIAL PROCEDURES

In non-jury trials, parties shall file proposed findings of fact and conclusions of law no later than 10 days after the conclusion of trial. No responses to such submissions shall be permitted.

Revised as of September 28, 2009